\_\_\_\_\_Date: \_\_\_\_\_Pd: \_\_\_\_\_



### Algebra U7L4 - Making Predictions with Lines of Best Fit

### Warm Up...

Name \_\_\_\_\_

A.3C - real world linear funtions:A.2C - write equLinda saw the following graph in a fitness magazine.Write an equation represented in th				uation from table or graph: on for the situation he table at the bottom of				Recent Review: Suppose y varies directly with x, and y = 16 when $x = 8$ . Find y when $x = 16$				
WALK FOR FITNESS 1,200 1,000 1,000 1,000 2 4 6 Miles Walked Which does the slope of the graph r	s this l	box					Your dist directly y near thu seconds about 2 direct va relations	cance fr with the nder. I after yo miles fr riation hip bet	om lightning varies e time that it takes you to f you hear thunder 10 ou see lightning, you are om the lightning. Write a equation for the ween time and distance.			
N	lumber of topp	pings, t	0	1	2	3	4	5				
Тс	otal cost (\$), C		8	10	12	14	16	18				
									-			

### **Today's Goal:**

- KWBAT write linear functions that provide a reasonable fit to data to estimate solutions and make predictions for real-world problems
- WHY? This is Algebra standard A.4C which is very powerful! It can be used to look at prior data and make ٠ predictions about future data even if the data doesn't form a perfectly straight line. Statisticians use this skill ALL the time to make predictions!

### **Example 1: Blueberries!**

**BLUEBERRIES** The table shows the weights *y* of *x* pints of blueberries.

Number of Pints, x	0	1	2	3	4	5
Weight (pounds), y	0	0.8	1.50	2.20	3.0	3.75

- a. Graph the data in the table.
- b. Draw the straight line that you think best approximates the points.
- c. Write an equation of the line you drew.
- d. Use the equation to predict the weight of 10 pints of blueberries.
- e. Blueberries cost \$2.25 per pound. How much do 10 pints of blueberries cost?







Work with a partner. You have been working on a science project for 8 months. Each month, you have measured the length of a baby alligator.



### The table shows your measurements.

(	September							April
Month, x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Length (in.), y	22.0	22.5	23.5	25.0	26.0	27.5	28.5	29.5

# Use the following steps to predict the baby alligator's length next September.

- a. Graph the data in the table.
- **b.** Draw the straight line that you think best approximates the points.
- **c.** Write an equation of the line you drew.
- **d.** Use the equation to predict the baby alligator's length next September.



## ACTIVITY: Representing Data by a Linear Equation

Work with a partner. You are a biologist and are studying bat populations.

You are asked to predict the number of bats that will be living in an abandoned mine in 3 years.

To start, you find the number of bats that have been living in the mine during the past 8 years.

#### The table shows the results of your research.

	7 years ag ↓	0					(	this year ↓	)
Year, x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Bats (thousands), <i>y</i>	327	306	299	270	254	232	215	197	

# Use the following steps to predict the number of bats that will be living in the mine after 3 years.

- **a.** Graph the data in the table.
- **b.** Draw the straight line that you think best approximates the points.
- **c.** Write an equation of the line you drew.
- **d.** Use the equation to predict the number of bats in 3 years.



**BASEBALL** The scatter plot shows the average price of a major-league baseball ticket from 1997 to 2006.

- a. Use the points (2001, 17.60) and (2002, 18.75) to write the slope-intercept form of equation for the line of fit shown in the scatter plot.
- b. Use your equation to tell the price of a ticket in 2009. Is this extrapolation or interpolation?



Source: Team Marketing Report, Chicago

			2.5		1	
Name	Date:	Pd:	2		/	
			-			
			0.8	/		

# EXIT TICKET - Algebra U7L4 - Making Predictions with Lines of Best Fit

VACATION	The table shows the distance you travel over
a 6-hour p	eriod.

- a. Make a scatter plot of the data.
- **b.** Draw a line of best fit.
- c. Write an equation of the line of best fit.
- d. Predict the distance you will travel in 7 hours.

Hours, x	Distance (miles), y
1	62
2	123
3	188
4	228
5	280
6	344

150

